

一 六选五/七选五

① 根据短文内容,从文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

语篇类型:说明文

主题:如何识别有害友谊

难度:★★★

建议用时:6 分钟

Good friends or bad friends?

1 “Toxic(有毒的) people attach themselves like cinder blocks(煤渣块) tied to your ankles, and then invite you for a swim in their poisoned(有毒的) waters.” “Toxic relationships” sound pretty bad, don’t they? Yet many of us continue to stay in toxic friendship. Some of us realize it, while some of us do not.

So how do you know whether a friendship is toxic or not? Here are 3 signs to help you.

2

Generally, when you share your achievements with those around you, they are happy for you. However, toxic friends may act jealously(妒忌地). They may show happiness for your success in front of you but not feel it inside. They try to weaken your confidence by doubting your abilities and making you think that you don’t deserve your success.

Humiliate(羞辱) you in front of others.

Another sign of a toxic friendship is going too far with joking. Among friends, it’s common for one person to laugh at another, and then the other makes a joke back. So everyone laughs together.

3

Separate you from others.

One of the most common things you’ll find in a toxic friendship is that toxic friends might want to control you. 4 They might also prevent you from making new friends. You may also be driven far from doing the right things at the right time.

Although it may be hard to let go of a toxic friendship because you’ve invested so much into it, you need to do so. 5

- A. All this is fine, but when the joke starts humiliating the person, that shows a toxic attitude.
- B. They might want to “survive” all your activities.
- C. Break your trust.
- D. Let’s start with a powerful saying from poet John Mark Green.
- E. Spend more time with those who truly know and value you.
- F. Always try to put you down.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

② 根据短文内容,从文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

语篇类型:议论文

主题:什么是真正的友谊

难度:★★★

建议用时:6分钟

What is a true friend?

6 From an early age, she made an effort to be kind and friendly to everyone. She invited the whole class to her birthday party and occasionally(偶尔) gave presents to everybody.

7 In class that day, everyone had to make three presents to give to their three best friends. Lily enjoyed the task of choosing three from among all her classmates. But when all the presents had been made and shared out, she was the only one that didn’t receive a present! Lily hadn’t expected this and felt terrible, crying for hours. Everyone came to comfort her, but each stayed only a short time before leaving – just as she had done to others so many times.

8 Although she had tried to be close to everyone, she found that wasn’t enough to create true friendships.

That night, Lily told her mother about everything. Her mother said, “My dear, you cannot buy friends with a smile or a few good words. 9 For true friend, you must always be available in good times and bad.”

Hearing this, Lily decided to change her ways to finally have some true friends. As she lay in bed that night, she thought about how to achieve this. She thought about her mother, who was always ready to help her, put up with her bad behaviour, encouraged her and loved her dearly. 10 Lily smiled happily, realizing she already had the best friend anyone could ever want.

- A. That was what made a true friend!
- B. Are you a popular boy or girl at school?
- C. Lily was a very popular girl at school.
- D. However, everything changed on International Day of Friendship.
- E. She realized she was a good companion, but she hadn't been a true friend to anyone.
- F. If you want true friends, you must give them time and real care.
- G. People might like you because of your looks or your style.

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

阅读短文，回答问题

③ 阅读短文，并根据短文内容，回答下列 5 个问题，答案词数不限。

📖 语篇类型：记叙文

📖 主题：西亚尼的笔友

📖 难度：★★★

🕒 建议用时：7 分钟

I was about to go back to my room when I heard my mom call, “Sianni, you got mail!” I quickly went downstairs and found a letter for me. It was from my pen pal, Beth, who lives in Chicago. We’ve been friends online for a while, following each other on Tumblr. We saw others talking about pen pals and thought it would be fun to try it.

In her first letter, Beth wrote, “Having a pen pal sounds really cool to me.” I felt the same way. I’ve always liked writing letters to my friends. Even after high school, I wrote letters to my friends, telling them about our good times and hoping we’d stay in touch. Beth’s letters and mine are different, but we’re getting to know each other.

I learned some fun things about Beth from her letters. She likes writing stories more than poems and thinks the top of her building is one of the best spots in Chicago. She also told me a lot about Chicago, and it sounds a lot like Philadelphia.

In my letters, I tell her why spring is my favourite season. I also mentioned that my name comes from Sianni Lee, a journalist I admire, and that it’s funny because I’m learning about journalism too.

I enjoy sharing little things in my letters. The internet makes it easy to send messages, but there’s something special about holding a letter that a friend wrote just for you. Every detail, from the words to the paper it’s written on, shows that they put thought into it.

11. How is the act of writing letters different from online communication according to the text?

12. What does Sianni appreciate about receiving letters from Beth?

13. How does Sianni's pen pal, Beth, feel about having a pen pal?

14. What does Sianni share about her name and why is it significant to her?

15. In what ways do you think pen pal relationships can enrich one's life experiences?

④ 根据短文内容,完成下面表格(第 16—23 题一空一词,第 24—25 题词数不限)。

语篇类型:说明文

主题:数字时代如何交朋友

难度:★★★

建议用时:9 分钟

Making friends in the digital world

Living in a world full of technology means we can do many things easily. We can send presents to our family and friends with just one click, all from home. We can also make new friends through our phones or computers. This changes how we meet and talk to people, sometimes for the better, sometimes not.

When we were in primary school, we became friends with the kids in our class. We played games and worked together on projects after school. We were always together in person. Now, in the digital age, we share our thoughts and what we like by writing messages and using funny pictures called emojis. This makes us wonder: Can we tell if someone should be our friend just by what they show on social media?

Spending time together in person helps us understand each other better and share life's good and bad moments that we can't show online. When we first meet a friend online, we talk about the things we both like on the internet. This is fine because our online likes often match what we like in real life. But it's also important to spend time together without using our devices.

A great way to connect is by doing activities together in person. For example, you can make something together, like a DIY project. When we are online by ourselves, we might not do anything really important for a long time. But when we meet friends and try new things together, it feels good and makes us happy.

The internet is great and gives us many good things, but we should also make sure to spend quality time with our friends face to face. This balance helps us have better friendships.



Making friends in the digital world	
Introduction to digital friendships	* 16. _____ lets us send gifts with a simple click. * We can meet new people by using our phones and computers.
Comparing old and new friends	* At school, we used to play and work on 17. _____ together. * Now, we chat and share through messages and 18. _____.
Questioning social media friendships	We wonder if we can 19. _____ someone by their social media profile.
The advantages of face-to-face time	* Meeting in person helps us know each other 20. _____. * We can share our feelings and life stories that can't be 21. _____ online.
Balancing online and offline friendships	* We talk about our common 22. _____ when we first meet online. * It's important to spend time together 23. _____ screens too.
Building connections offline	24. What kind of project can help friends connect? _____
The importance of balance	25. Why is face-to-face time with friends important? _____

16. _____ **17.** _____ **18.** _____ **19.** _____ **20.** _____

21. _____ **22.** _____ **23.** _____

24. _____

25. _____

综合填空

E 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

语篇类型:科普说明文 主题:基因对友情的影响 难度:★★★ 建议用时:7 分钟

You and your best friend have a lot in common: your favourite food, your **26** (品位) in music, and maybe your hometown. But a new study finds that your similarities may even extend to the genetic(基因的) level.

The researchers, James Fowler of University of California San Diego and Nicholas Christakis of Yale University, used data **27** (collect) during the famous Framingham Heart Study, running in Framingham since 1948, a town in Massachusetts. When people shared their DNA **28** researchers for the study, they shared lots of other information, too, i **29** whom they make friends with. “Because Framingham is quite small, many people that were friends also happened to take **30** in the study,” Fowler explained. He and Christakis looked at almost 2,000 people and found about 1,400 pairs of friends.

For the findings, the study authors have a few ideas. Maybe people 31 (有) similar genes search for similar environments and then meet others like them. Or, people who share DNA could have similar skills, 32 they work together better.

The study has a few limitations. For one, the team didn't look across the whole human genome – they compared only about 500,000 of each person's three billion DNA base pairs. For a 33, even though the researchers removed anyone who was related in any way, Framingham's population is made up mostly of descendants(后代) of Italian and Irish immigrants, so the genetic differences may not be large 34 to make a wider-reaching conclusion.

Of course, Fowler and Christakis don't have all the information yet. Interestingly, they found that the biggest genetic similarities were found in friends' s 35 of smell. They're not quite sure why that would be the result, but future studies may help them find out the answers.

26. _____ 27. _____ 28. _____ 29. i _____ 30. _____
31. _____ 32. _____ 33. a _____ 34. _____ 35. s _____

(F) 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

语篇类型: 诗歌

主题: 中西方友谊的诗歌

难度: ★★★

建议用时: 8 分钟

Friendship poems

Friends are important to us. "A friend in need is a friend indeed." Friends help us a lot. "What's near cinnabar goes red, and what's next to ink t 36 black(近朱者赤,近墨者黑)." Friends also affect us a lot. This Chinese idea echoes(呼应) the English saying, "If you 37 (躺)down with dogs, you will get up with fleas(跳蚤)." And poets write about it. Let's enjoy two friendship poems from Chinese and Western writers.

To Wang Lun

By Li Bai

*I, Li Bai, sit aboard a ship about to go,
When 38 (sudden) on shore your farewell songs o'erflow.*

*However deep the Lake of Peach Blossoms may be,
It is not so deep, O Wang Lun! As your love for me.*

(Translated by Xu Yuanchong)

A time to talk

By Robert Frost

*When a friend calls to me from the road
And slows his horse to a meaning walk,
I don't stand still and look 39*

*On all the hills I haven't hoed ,
 And shout from where I am , "What is it ?"
 No , not as there is a time to talk .
 I thrust my hoe in the mellow ground ,
 Blade-end up and five feet tall ,
 And plod : I go up to the stone wall
 For a 40 (friend) visit .*

41 poems are famous in their cultures. But they tell different stories. In Li Bai's poem, his friend was seeing him off. The US poet Robert Frost wrote about a friend's visit 42 he was working. Li made a comparison. His poem shows the friendship 43 him and his friend is deeper than the lake water. Frost's poem, on the other hand, tells the reader that we should stop what we are doing 44 (talk) with our friends. It tells us that n 45 should get in the way of spending time with friends. The language is simple but sincere.

36. t _____ 37. _____ 38. _____ 39. _____ 40. _____
 41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. n _____

四 书面表达

同道为朋,同志为友。在茫茫人海中,能够遇到好朋友,是一种缘分,也是一种幸运。请用英文介绍一位你的好朋友,说说你们之间的故事。

1. What does he/she look like?
2. Why do you like him/her?
3. Compare your differences in character.
4. Share the story between you and your friend.

要求:

1. Write at least 80 words.
2. Use simple and clear English to make the writing fluent and coherent.
3. Don't use real names of friend and school.



Unit 2 Travelling

六选五/七选五

➤ 根据短文内容,从文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

语篇类型:说明文

主题:城市运动

难度:★★★

建议用时:7分钟

Playing sports in the city

1 Cycling, but outdoors on city roads; surfing, but on the land; playing frisbee(飞盘), but with a group of people ... New sports are becoming popular and are bringing more joy to us.

According to a study by Houlang Research Institute with over 1,200 young people, more than 93 percent of Generation Zers are interested in urban(城市的) sports. The report shows that instead of just keeping fit, young people pick them up to socialize. 2

According to the YNET website, 3 People also have a stronger love for outdoor activities and healthier lifestyles.

The new sports are also “suitable for taking photos and are less limited by place,” Zou Qingling, the CEO of the Lvmama website, told China News Service. 4

Qianjiang Evening News also notes that the new sports, especially frisbee, are easy to begin, unlike other traditional sports, such as soccer and basketball, which usually require strict rules.

5 This proves that more people are willing to enjoy sports, according to China News Service.

- A. people may prefer to choose sports that can be played at local places.
- B. Urban sports have brought new lifestyles to China.
- C. Still playing basketball and soccer? Why not try some new sports?
- D. People can enjoy new sports at many places in the city, from parks to sidewalks.
- E. Playing sports are rising among young people.
- F. Groups of players have online group chats, talking about the sport or simply sharing their lives.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____



B 根据短文内容,从文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

语篇类型:说明文

主题:144 小时过境免签

难度:★★★

建议用时:7 分钟

144-hour visa-free travel in China

6 An internet buzzword(流行语) created by foreign blogger Baobaoaiong. It's used to ask if a place feels like a big, fashionable city.

Millions of foreigners like Baobaoaiong are visiting China and posting their travel videos. The visa-free transit policy(过境免签政策) plays an important role in this trend(潮流). Travellers from 54 countries can stay in China for up to six days without a visa as long as they have a travel document(文件) and a connecting ticket(联运机票) to leave.

7 Back then, it allowed travellers to stay for 72 hours in seven different big cities in China. Now, travellers can stay for 144 hours in 41 places across 19 provincial areas. It has attracted more travellers to China. In the first three months of this year, 266 percent more foreigners came to China through visa-free policies compared with the same period last year, according to the National Immigration Administration of China(中国国家移民管理局).

8 Through this policy, more and more people get to see the real China.

"This is the whole reason why we decided to come to China. We want to see exactly what it's like for ourselves," said Irish YouTuber Luke in his online video. **9** Totally different from what he had heard about China from Western media.

Yuyuantantian, a new media account(账号) under China Media Group, looked at 100 China travel videos made by foreigners. It found foreigners used to visit famous spots like the Forbidden City and the Great Wall. But now they prefer experiencing everyday activities like shopping at markets, riding shared bikes and joining square dancing in parks. **10**

- A. When in Rome, do as Romans do.
- B. The visa-free transit policy started in 2013.
- C. You must have heard of "city bu city"(meaning city or not city).
- D. China has become the most fashionable country in the world.
- E. He thought Chengdu was "unbelievably good, beautiful and modern".
- F. Seeing is believing.
- G. "These activities give foreigners a closer look at everyday life in China," said Yuyuantantian.

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

阅读短文，回答问题

③ 阅读短文，并根据短文内容，回答下列 5 个问题，每题答案词数不超过 10 个。

语篇类型：议论文

主题：特种兵式旅游

难度：★★

建议用时：7 分钟

No resting with “special forces” travel

A new kind of travel style becomes popular in China. It's called “special forces tourism(特种兵式旅游)”. People travel to many places during short holidays. Would you like to try this? Where do you want to go?

Ma Wencan: I can't wait for it! As a student, we always feel stressed from studying. To see the world and learn the cultures and traditions of different places is also important for us. And the best way is travelling. I want to visit Shanghai, a city with both traditional cultures and cool technologies. In the morning, I will start my day by having pan-fried pork buns. It's the best choice for breakfast. Then I'm going to take a walk along the Bund and enjoy the views of the city. In the afternoon, I'll pay a visit to the Oriental Pearl Tower. And I'd like to enjoy the night views by boat.

Wang Kairui: I am interested in the style. I think London is very suitable for it. First, I'll fly from Hong Kong to Heathrow Airport. After that, I am going to take the bus to Buckingham Palace. I will see the royal guards. Then, I will enjoy the classic views along the Thames River. On my way to Chinatown and Oxford Street, I will eat fish and chips, a famous British food, and visit the British Museum. Then, I will cross London Bridge to visit Shakespeare's Globe. Certainly, I mustn't miss the London Eye. I truly can't wait to hit the road now!

Li Mohan: I don't want to travel in this way. From my point of view, travelling is a way to relax. You can see beautiful views along the way, taste local food and learn about local conditions and customs. If you travel in a hurry, you won't have a good experience. Although you can visit a lot of interesting places, you can't learn deeply about the history behind them. Also, you will be very tired. So, I'd like to slow down when travelling and learn deeper things about the places.

Pan Yanzhu: I'm not into this so-called “special forces tourism”. People will become very tired if they go to too many places in a day. Moreover, tourists may not be able to enjoy themselves when they are travelling in a hurry. People have to spend a long time planning the trip. It's tiring before the trip starts! Although you can do a lot of things during holidays, I don't think the trip will be enjoyable and meaningful.

11. What is “special forces tourism”?

12. What does Ma Wencan want for breakfast in Shanghai?

13. Where will Wang Kairui see royal guards?

14. Why doesn't Li Mohan like the new kind of travel style?

15. What does Pan Yanzhu think about trip planning?

④ 阅读短文,并根据短文内容,完成下面表格(第16—24题一空一词,第25题词数不限)。

语篇类型:科普说明文 主题:为什么在旅途中感到疲劳 难度:★★★★ 建议用时:9分钟

Why do we feel tired on long journeys?

Did you go on a long train or bus journey during your winter holiday? Did you feel tired during the journey? Have you ever wondered why you feel tired on a long journey, even when you've been sitting the whole time?

Research has found that feeling tired is actually a symptom of motion sickness(晕动病的症状). Almost everyone will become motion sick if the motion is strong enough. And about one person in three is believed to be very sensitive(敏锐的) to motion sickness.

Research has found that, while passengers mostly stay still when travelling, their brains are working hard to process the motion of the vehicle they're in. And they may feel a mismatch between what their senses are telling them and what their bodies expect to feel. Changes in speed, turning corners, and stopping and starting are motions that our bodies are not really expecting or used to, and these can add up, and, as a result, make us feel unwell.

Some people may experience symptoms of motion sickness faster than others. But it has been found that the longer you travel, the more likely you are to feel sick. Even the activities we do while travelling can have an effect on how we feel. Passing the time by reading a book or watching a film can create further sensory confusion(感觉困惑), as our attention is no longer focused on processing the vehicle's motion.

To reduce the effects of motion sickness, you should sit as far forward in a vehicle as possible, as this is where less motion is felt. You can also get a window seat, lie down if possible, and drink water and eat small amounts of food. It can also help to close your eyes and sleep or, if you can't sleep, try looking at the horizon(地平线).

16. _____ questions to arouse the readers' relative experience

- Did you have a long train or bus journey in your winter holiday?
- Did you feel tired during the journey?
- Have you ever wondered why you feel tired on a long journey, even when you've been sitting the whole time?

(continued)

Research on feeling tired on long journeys	The facts of feeling tired	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feeling tired is actually a symptom of motion sickness. Almost everyone will become motion sick 17. _____ the motion is too weak. About 18. _____ of all the people are believed to be very sensitive to motion sickness.
	The 19. _____ of motion sickness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> While passengers mostly stay still when travelling, their brains are working hard to process the motion of the vehicle they're in. What their senses are telling them don't 20. _____ what their bodies expect to feel very well. 21. _____, changes in speed, turning corners, and stopping and starting are motions that our bodies are not expecting or used to, and their adding up, as a result, make us feel unwell.
	The symptoms of motion sickness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Symptoms of motion sickness have something to do with 22. _____ long you travel. Even the activities we do like reading a book or seeing a film while travelling can have an 23. _____ on how we feel.
	Some effective ways to reduce the effects of motion sickness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You should sit as far forward in a vehicle as possible, as this is where less motion is felt. You can also get a window seat, lie down if possible and make sure you are not thirsty or hungry. Maybe you can keep your eyes 24. _____ and sleep, or try looking at the horizon.
25. Can you think of any other ways to relieve motion sickness? _____		

- 16.** _____ **17.** _____ **18.** _____ **19.** _____ **20.** _____
21. _____ **22.** _____ **23.** _____ **24.** _____
25. _____

综合填空

E 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

语篇类型:童话故事

主题:神奇之旅

难度:★★★

建议用时:8 分钟

The child's story(1)

Once upon a time, a good many years ago, there was a t **26** , and he set out upon a journey. It was a magic journey, and was to seem very long when he began it, and very short when he got



halfway through.

He travelled along a quite dark path for some little time, without 27 (meet) anything, until at last he came to a beautiful child. So he said to the child, “What do you do here?” The child said, “I am always at play. Come and play with me!”

So, he played with that child, the whole day long, and they were very 28.

The sky was so blue, the sun was so bright, the water was so clear, the leaves were so green, the flowers were so lovely, and they heard singing-birds and saw so many butterflies. Everything was beautiful. This was in 29 weather.

When it rained, they loved to watch the falling drops, and to smell the fresh smells. When it b 30, it was interesting to listen to the wind, and imagine what it said, as it came rushing from its home—where was that, they wondered!

When it s 31, that was best of all: They liked nothing so well as to look up at the white flakes(雪花) falling fast and thick, like down from millions of white birds, and to listen to the silence upon the paths and roads.

They had plenty of the 32 (fine) toys in the world, and the most amazing picture-books. But, one day, all of a sudden, the traveller l 33 the child. He called to him over and over again, but got no answer. So, he went upon his road, and went on for a little while without meeting anything, u 34 at last he came to a handsome boy. So, he said to the boy, “What do you do here?” And the boy said, “I am always 35 (learn). Come and learn with me.”

(To be continued)

26. t _____ 27. _____ 28. _____ 29. _____ 30. b _____
31. s _____ 32. _____ 33. l _____ 34. u _____ 35. _____

(F) 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

语篇类型:童话故事

主题:神奇之旅

难度:★★★

建议用时:6 分钟

The child's story(2)

So he l 36 with that boy about Jupiter and Juno, and the Greeks and the Romans, and they learned more than I could tell—he learned 37 much that he soon forgot a lot of it.

But, they were not a 38 learning; they played the happiest games ever. They went boating upon the river in s 39, and skated on the ice in winter. They were active on horseback, at cricket(板球), and all games at ball, and more sports than I can think of; nobody could beat them.

They had holidays too, and p 40 where they danced till midnight, and real theatres where they saw palaces of real gold and silver 41 (rise) out of the real earth, and saw all the wonders of the world at once.

As to friends, they had such dear friends and so many of them, that I need the time to c **42** them up. They were all young, like the handsome boy, and were never to be strange to one another all their lives through.

Still, one day, in the middle of all these pleasures, the traveller **43** (lose) the boy as he had lost the child. And, after calling to him in vain(徒劳), he **44** (continue) his journey. He went on for a little while without seeing anything, until at last he came to a young man. So, he said to the young man, "What do you do here?" And the young man said, "I am always in l **45** . Come and love with me."

36. l _____ 37. _____ 38. a _____ 39. s _____ 40. p _____
41. _____ 42. c _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. l _____

四 书面表达

假如你是李华,今年暑假你到祖国南大门广州旅游。请根据以下信息写一篇旅游日志,并表达你的感想。开头已经给出,不计入总词数。

须包含以下内容:

1. 第一天,参观“小蛮腰”(广州电视塔);品尝粤菜……
2. 第二天,逛大型购物中心,买了衣服和鞋子……
3. 第三天,到白云山游玩……
4. 感受

要求:

1. Write at least 80 words.
2. Use simple and clear English to make the writing fluent and coherent.
3. Make sure your article is well-organized.

During the summer vacation, I took a trip to Guangzhou with my parents.



一 六选五/七选五

① 根据短文内容,从文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

📖 语篇类型:记叙文

📖 主题:月球的火山活动

📖 难度:★★★

🕒 建议用时:7 分钟

The moon's secret: A story of volcanoes and glass beads

Once upon a time, not so long ago, people thought the moon was like a quiet old rock, with no volcanoes for billions of years. 1 China's Chang'e 5 mission went to the moon and found clues that changed everything we knew.

2

Before Chang'e 5, scientists believed the moon's volcanoes stopped erupting a very, very long time ago, about 3 billion years. 3 But the rocks brought back by Chang'e 5 told a different story. They were not as old as we thought, only about 2 billion years! And even more surprising, there were tiny glass beads that were just 123 million years old.

The mystery of the glass beads

These glass beads are super special. They are like little time capsules(胶囊) from the moon's past. They were made when hot lava from a volcano cooled down fast.

Smart scientists and their clues

Researchers from the Chinese Academy of Sciences looked into lots and lots of these beads.

They used special tools to find out that three of them came from volcanoes. They also found that these beads had rare earth elements and thorium(钍), which are like the moon's secret heat sources.

4 They are now asking questions like, "How did these young beads form?" and "Could there be more recent volcanic activity on the moon?"

More missions, more discoveries

The Chang'e 5 mission brought back lots of moon rocks and soil, and scientists have learned a lot from them. They found the youngest moon rock, a new moon mineral, and even a mineral that



carries water molecules(分子).

5 This is important because it helps us learn more about how the moon was formed and how it changed over time.

The moon is not just a rock in the sky; it's a giant puzzle waiting for us to solve. Every mission like Chang'e 5 and Chang'e 6 brings us one step closer to understanding our cosmic neighbour. So, keep looking up at the moon, because who knows what secrets it still holds!

- A. The rocks brought back by Chang'e 5 were only about 2 billion years old.
 B. These new findings have made scientists very curious.
 C. The moon was not so quiet after all
 D. But then, something amazing happened!
 E. This year, China's Chang'e 6 mission made history by collecting samples from the far side of the moon.
 F. It was like the moon was asleep.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

B 根据短文内容,从文后选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

语篇类型:记叙文

主题:粤语的 AI 工具

难度:★★★

建议用时:7 分钟

Cantonese-speaking AI: A bridge for understanding

"Is there a wife in a wife cake?" An influencer named Heyson asked this question to Sensechat, an AI that speaks Cantonese. Sensechat answered, "There's no wife in a wife cake. It's just a traditional Hong Kong pastry." 6

Heyson loves Cantonese and makes videos to promote the language. He has many fans on platforms like YouTube and Bilibili. He tried many AI tools to see if they could understand Cantonese, but most of them didn't work well.

7 But Sensechat does. It also understands the two ways to write Cantonese: a formal way and a more casual way.

Creating an AI that speaks Cantonese is challenging. There are not many Cantonese resources online. 8 with many different sounds and ways to express ideas.

Most people in Hong Kong speak Cantonese, and so do many people in the Greater Bay Area. Without AI tools that can understand Cantonese, 9

The Hong Kong government is working with universities to make a big AI model to help with



this. They hope it will protect people's privacy and help people in Hong Kong.

10 One company, Votee AI, made an open-source Cantonese AI. They worked with local experts to make it understand Hong Kong speech better.

- A. Some companies are also making AI tools for Cantonese speakers.
- B. Cantonese is known for its simple grammar and vocabulary.
- C. Cantonese is unique because it has many ways to show mood at the end of sentences. Most AI tools don't notice these.
- D. people who only speak Cantonese might have a hard time in today's world.
- E. Cantonese is easy to learn because of its easy pronunciation.
- F. Also, Cantonese is a hard language to learn,
- G. He was very impressed because Sensechat understood Cantonese culture very well.

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

阅读短文，回答问题

C 阅读短文，并根据短文内容，回答下列 5 个问题，答案词数不限。

语篇类型：科普说明文

主题：中国神舟十九号
任务的成功发射

难度：★★★

建议用时：7 分钟

The Shenzhou XIX mission, China's 14th manned spaceflight, launched early on October 30th, 2024. It took off from the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Centre in northwestern China's Gobi Desert. The rocket carrying the three astronauts lit up the sky at 4:27 am local time.

The Long March 2F carrier rocket, as tall as a 20-storey building, blasted into the clear dark sky. Inside the rocket were Senior Colonel Cai Xuzhe, mission commander, Lieutenant Colonel Song Lingdong, and Lieutenant Colonel Wang Haoze.

The astronauts flew for about six and a half hours to reach the Tiangong space station. The station is orbiting about 400 kilometres above Earth. Their spaceship connected with the front port of the Tianhe core module, the main part of Tiangong.

The Shenzhou XIX team met their Shenzhou XVIII mission peers at the space station. The Shenzhou XVIII crew has been in orbit for six months. They spent four days together, and then the Shenzhou XVIII crew went back to Earth on Monday. Cai and his teammates are the eighth group to live in the space station.

The three astronauts will do many things, like doing scientific experiments, give science

lessons and showing new technology. They will also go on spacewalks outside the space station.

Their work are about many different areas of study, like how things work in space without gravity, what materials are like in space, how space travel affects health, how to build spacecraft, and how living things can live in space.

Cai was in the Shenzhou XIV mission for six months last year. For Song and Wang, this is their first time in space.

Wang Haoze, 34, is the third Chinese woman to go into space. Liu Yang and Wang Yaping were the first two. Wang Haoze is also the first female spaceflight engineer.

11. How many astronauts were on the Shenzhou XIX mission?

12. Who is the first female spaceflight engineer to go to space from China?

13. What did the Shenzhou XIX astronauts do at the space station?

14. Which part of the magazine might you have read this passage from?

15. What do you think of the Shenzhou XIX mission's impact on China's global image?

D→ 根据短文内容,完成下面表格(第16—23题一空一词,第24—25题词数不限)。

语篇类型:科普说明文

主题:新型宇航服

难度:★★★★

建议用时:9分钟

China shows its moon suit

China has shown its special space suits that astronauts will wear on the moon. This is the first time they have shown what it looks like. They are asking the public to help name it.

These space suits are white with red stripes. The red stripes are inspired by the pretty decorations on old paintings from Dunhuang. The stripes on the legs look like the fire that helps rockets go up into the sky.

The clothes are made to keep astronauts safe from the hot and cold on the moon and from the tiny dust that can be there. They have a special control panel(控制面板) that is easy to operate. There are also cameras to take close-up and distant pictures.

The gloves are easy to move in, and the helmet protects from the bright sun. The parts that move, like the elbows and knees, work well on the moon because there is less gravity.



Astronauts Zhai Zhigang and Wang Yaping tried on the new moon suits. They showed how they can walk, bend, and climb while wearing the suits.

The development of these suits began in 2020. They wanted to make suits that are light, small, and very safe. They have found new ways to make the clothes better.

China has made clothes like this before for astronauts to go outside their space station. These suits have helped astronauts do their work and keep the space station working well.

Zhai was the first Chinese astronaut to walk in space. Wang was the first Chinese woman to visit China's space station.

China wants to send people to the moon by 2030. Showing these new suits is a significant step in their plan. It also shows China's progress in space suit technology.

What moon suit is	Moon suit is the special suit that astronauts are 16. _____ when they visit the moon.
What moon suit looks like	<p>* They are white with red stripes. The ideas for the red stripes 17. _____ from the pretty decorations on old Dunhuang paintings.</p> <p>* And the stripes on the legs look like the fire that helps rockets 18. _____ into the sky.</p>
Parts of the suit and 19. _____ they are designed and made that way	<p>* The clothes are made to keep astronauts safe and healthy.</p> <p>* They have cameras to take close-up and distant pictures and a special control panel that can be 20. _____ easily.</p> <p>* Other parts like glove, the helmet are designed to be 21. _____ for the less gravity on the moon.</p>
The astronauts who tried on the suits and the meanings of the show	<p>* Zhai Zhigang and Wang Yaping tried on the new moon suits. They showed how they can walk, bend, and climb while wearing the suits.</p> <p>* Showing these new suits is an 22. _____ step in China's plan to send people to the moon by 2030.</p> <p>* It also shows the 23. _____ China has made in space suit technology.</p>
24. What will you call the moon suit if you are given the chance to name it?	
25. Why?	

16. _____ **17.** _____ **18.** _____ **19.** _____ **20.** _____

21. _____ **22.** _____ **23.** _____

24. _____

25. _____



综合填空

☞ 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

语篇类型:科普说明文

主题:太空冒险

难度:★★

建议用时:7 分钟

Space station adventure continues for two astronauts

Two astronauts from NASA are having a longer space adventure than planned. They are living on the International Space Station(ISS) 26 their spaceship, Boeing's Starliner, has some problems.

The astronauts, Butch Wilmore and Sunita Williams, went to the ISS in June. They were s 27 to stay for a few months, but now they might be there for more than half a year.

The Starliner has some parts that don't work well. It's hard for the spaceship to move and come back to Earth 28 (safe). These problems have cost Boeing a lot of money. They have spent more than 1.5 billion dollars a 29.

NASA is thinking about using a SpaceX spaceship, called Crew Dragon, 30 bring the astronauts home. If they do this, the astronauts might have to stay in space for about eight months and come back in F 31 2025.

If the astronauts have to stay longer, they will be part of the ISS team. They will do experiments and help with the work there. The astronauts are doing many things 32 the ISS. They are learning how space 33 (change) the human body, 34 (make) special things in space, and keeping the ISS clean and working well.

NASA will decide in August if they will fix the Starliner or use the SpaceX spaceship to bring the astronauts home. Until then, Butch and Sunita will keep 35 (explore) and working on the ISS.

26. _____ 27. s _____ 28. _____ 29. a _____ 30. _____
31. F _____ 32. _____ 33. _____ 34. _____ 35. _____

☞ 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

语篇类型:科普说明文

主题:宇航员面临的挑战

难度:★★★

建议用时:8 分钟

Train hard to work in space

Being 36 astronaut is cool but sometimes dangerous.

Do you want to be an astronaut in the future? Every year on April 24, it's Space Day of China. It's a day to celebrate the country's 37 (grow) in space exploration. The successful manned

space missions are a big part of it.

Ever since Yang Liwei made it to space in 2003, as m 38 as 20 Chinese astronauts, including a civilian(平民/非军人), have gone to space.

What problems do astronauts face?

In space, astronauts face many problems. There is little gravity there, which 39 (affect) their bodies. Also, being away from family and friends and stuck in a tiny spaceship for a long time can make them feel sad or stressed out. What's more, if something goes wrong on their mission all of a sudden, they have to work out how to fix it under huge pressure. That's w 40 astronauts have to be smart, strong, and ready for any challenge before they can go to space.

How are astronauts trained?

41 make sure that Chinese astronauts complete their missions and return to Earth 42 (safe), "Eight types, i 43 over 200 subjects of training, are set," Huang Weifen, chief designer of the astronaut system for China's manned space project, told CCTV News. Apart from physical training, it also includes basic science knowledge and mock(模拟) missions. Before astronauts can go to space, they train like this for at least three and a half years.

One of the hardest parts of the 44 (train) for astronauts is the underwater training. This helps them get ready for the weightless(失重的) environment in space. Huang explained that astronauts wear diving suits(潜水服) that weigh more than 100 kilograms and stay underwater for six hours at a time. Moving around in the water with such a heavy suit is really 45 (tire). Huang said that one astronaut, Nie Haisheng, even lost 2 kilograms after one underwater training exercise.

36. _____ 37. _____ 38. m _____ 39. _____ 40. w _____
41. _____ 42. _____ 43. i _____ 44. _____ 45. _____

四 书面表达

随着科技的日新月异,人类对太空不断的探索,未来人们的生活可能会发生翻天覆地的变化。或许,人类可以在火星居住、拥有时光机、开发出全新能源等。请根据表格内容,写一篇畅想未来生活的文章。开头已给出,不计入总词数。

未来的生活	
衣服	可以调节温度……
食物	机器人将会生产足够的食物
房子	新材料防潮,防火,防震
交通	无人驾驶汽车成为主流……

要求:

1. Write at least 80 words.
2. Include all the main points in the form.
3. Use simple and clear English to make the content of writing fluent , coherent and positive.

I would like to tell you about my idea of life in the future.

